TACOMA FIRE DEPARTMENT

Information Bulletin



Fall Prevention

Falls occur frequently and are a major cause of disability and death in senior citizens. More than one third of people over the age of 65 have at least one fall each year. Everyone is at risk for falls and the risk increases as we age.

Safety Tips for You and Your Family

Many falls can be prevented. By making some changes, you can lower your chances of falling.

Four things YOU can do to prevent falls:

- 1. Begin a regular exercise program
- 2. Have your health care provider review your medicines
- 3. Have your vision checked
- 4. Make your home safer

1. Begin a regular exercise program.

Exercise is one of the most important ways to lower your chances of falling. It makes you stronger and helps you feel better. Exercises that improve balance and coordination (like Tai Chi) are the most helpful. Lack of exercise leads to weakness and increases your chances of falling. Ask your doctor or health care provider about the best type of exercise program for you.

2. Have your health care provider review your medicines.

Have your doctor or pharmacist review all the medicines you take, even over-thecounter medicines. As you get older, the way medicines work in your body can change. Some medicines, or combinations of medicines, can make you sleepy or dizzy and can cause you to fall.

3. Have your vision checked. Have your eyes checked by an eye doctor at least once



a year. You may be wearing the wrong glasses or have a condition like glaucoma or cataracts that limits your vision. Poor vision can increase your chances of falling.

4. Make your home safer.

About half of all falls happen at home. To make your home safer:

- ✓ Remove things you can trip over (like papers, books, clothes, and shoes) from stairs and places where you walk.
- ✓ Remove small throw rugs or use double-sided tape to keep the rugs from slipping.
- ✓ Keep items you use often in cabinets you can reach easily without using a step stool.
- Move electrical cords so they are not lying on the floor in walking areas.

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- ✓ Use non-slip mats in the bathtub and on shower floors.
- ✓ Have grab bars put in next to your toilet and in the tub or shower.



- ✓ Improve the lighting in your home. As you get older, you need brighter lights to see well. Hang lightweight curtains or shades to reduce glare.
- ✓ Have handrails and lights put in on all staircases.
- ✓ Wear shoes both inside and outside the house. Avoid going barefoot or wearing slippers.

Further information about fall prevention is available on line at the National Osteoporosis Foundation or Center for Disease Control.

www.cdc.gov www.nof.org